

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 1-3, 8, 24, and 28-30. Claims 4-6, 9-16, and 25-27 remain as previously pending. Claims 17-23 remain withdrawn from consideration.

1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus adapted for removing gas bubbles from blood comprising:

- an axially elongate cylindrical shell defining a chamber;
- an impeller disposed within the chamber, ~~wherein the impeller does not substantially impart any force either to drive inflow of blood to, or outflow of blood from, the chamber;~~
- a motor operably connected to the impeller,
- a gas vent in fluid communication with the central axis of the chambershell and located proximate the top of the chamber,
- a blood inlet port affixed to the chamber; and
- a blood outlet port located at the radial periphery of said chambershell;
wherein the chamber diameter is approximately constant in the region between the blood inlet port, the blood outlet port, and the impeller;

wherein the impeller is configured to directly rotate a volume of blood within the chamber about the central axis of the chambershell thus forcing air bubbles within the volume of blood to migrate radially inward in response to centrifugal forces imparted on the volume of blood by the rotation of said blood.

2. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said blood inlet port is positioned tangentially to said chambershell.

3. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said chambershell includes an axially elongate baffle surrounding at least a portion of ~~interposed between the chamber and the gas vent.~~

4. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said motor drive is electrically driven.

5. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said motor and impeller are operable to rotate the impeller at a rate of approximately 100 to 10,000 RPM.

6. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said gas vent is connected to a gas pump.
7. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said blood outlet port comprises a screen or mesh type particulate filter.
8. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said blood outlet port is positioned tangentially to said chambershell.
9. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the interior surfaces of said shell are coated with anti-thrombogenic materials.
10. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said blood inlet port is located higher than said blood outlet port.
11. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said blood inlet port is located lower than said blood outlet port.
12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said gas vent is located higher than both said blood inlet port and said blood outlet port.
13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said impeller is magnetically coupled to said motor drive.
14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said impeller comprises a plurality of vanes to spin the blood.
15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said impeller comprises a smooth outer surface to spin the blood using viscous effects.
16. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said gas vent further comprises a gas trap.
17. (Withdrawn) A method for removing bubbles from blood comprising the steps of:
pumping blood into an axially elongate vessel;
actively spinning the blood to create a centrifugal force on the blood, thereby collecting gas bubbles toward the center of the axially elongate vessel; and
removing a portion of the blood from the axially elongate vessel along the radial periphery of said vessel so as to minimize the gas bubble content of the blood.
18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17, which includes the step of passing the blood through a particulate filter.
19. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 17, further comprising the step of:

Appl. No. : **10/791,075**
Filed : **March 1, 2004**

spinning the blood at a rate of between 100 and 10,000 revolutions per minute.

20. (Withdrawn) An apparatus adapted for removing gas bubbles from blood comprising:

- a blood filter comprising a chamber and an impeller adapted to rotate within the chamber;

- a motor drive;

- a clamping mechanism to permit attachment of said blood filter to said motor drive;

wherein said blood filter is operable to actively rotate the blood by the motion imparted by the impeller at speeds sufficient to cause gas bubbles to separate from the blood;

- a vent in fluid communication with the chamber, whereby the separated gas bubbles exit the blood filter; and

- an outlet port disposed on the radial periphery of the blood filter, whereby degassed blood exits the blood filter.

21. (Withdrawn) A system adapted for removing gas bubbles from blood, said system comprising:

- a blood pump adapted for pumping blood;

- a blood filter comprising a chamber characterized by an upper region, a lower region, a central axis, a radially central region and a radially peripheral region and an impeller adapted to rotate within the chamber;

- means for rotating the impeller about the central axis;

- an inlet port in fluid communication with the blood pump, said inlet port communicating with the chamber in the lower region and radially peripheral region thereof;

- an outlet port communicating with the chamber in the upper region and radially peripheral of the blood filter;

- a vent in fluid communication with the radially central region of the chamber.

22. (Withdrawn) The system of Claim 21 further comprising:

a venous blood reservoir for collecting venous blood from a patient, and means for establishing fluid communication from the patient's venous system and the blood reservoir; and

a fluid conduit connecting the vent to the venous blood reservoir, whereby blood entrained in the gas stripped from the blood in the chamber may be recovered and replaced into the system upstream of the blood filter.

23. (Withdrawn) The system of Claim 21 further comprising:

means for releasably attaching the chamber to the means for rotating the impeller about the central axis; whereby the chamber may be discarded after use and the means for rotating may be re-used.

24. (Currently Amended) An apparatus adapted for removing gas bubbles from blood comprising:

an axially elongate shell defining a chamber;

an impeller disposed within the chamber, wherein the impeller rotates about an axis concentric with the axis of the chambershell, further wherein the impeller is configured to directly rotate a volume of blood substantially filling the chamber about the axis of the chambershell, ~~further wherein the impeller does not substantially impart force to drive either inflow of blood to, or outflow of blood from, the chamber;~~

a motor operably connected to the impeller to cause the impeller to rotate about its axis;

a gas vent in fluid communication with the central axis of the chambershell, wherein gas collected along the central axis of the chambershell is removed from said chambershell through the gas vent, wherein said gas vent is situated at the top of the chamber;

a blood inlet port operable to fill the chamber with blood; and

a blood outlet port located at the radial periphery of said chambershell, wherein said blood outlet port is operable to drain blood from the chamber;

wherein the chamber diameter is approximately constant along its length between the blood inlet port, the blood outlet port, and the impeller;

wherein the blood inlet port receives blood that has been drained from a patient's body and the blood outlet port delivers blood back to a patient, wherein the blood

Appl. No. : 10/791,075
Filed : March 1, 2004

delivered back to the patient has had air bubbles removed primarily by centrifugal forces generated on the air bubbles by the rotating blood within the chamber~~apparatus~~.

25. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the motor is magnetically coupled to the impeller, wherein rotation of the impeller is driven across the shell.

26. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the blood inlet port is operably connected to a cardiopulmonary bypass system.

27. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the blood outlet port is operably connected to a cardiopulmonary bypass system.

28. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the impeller actively spins the blood creating a centrifugal force on the blood, thereby collecting gas bubbles toward the center of the axially elongate chamber~~shell~~.

29. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein a portion of the blood contained therein is removed through the blood outlet port located substantially along the radial periphery of said chamber~~shell~~ so as to minimize the gas bubble content of the blood at the blood inlet port.

30. (Currently Amended) An apparatus adapted for removing gas bubbles from blood comprising:

an axially elongate chamber comprising a shell;

means for adding blood to the chamber;

means for directly impelling rotation to the blood within the chamber about the axis of the chamber to a higher rotational rate than is possible by tangentially injecting blood into the chamber at flow rates used in cardiopulmonary bypass, whereby gas in the blood is released and collected within the chamber near its central axis due to centrifugal effects generated by the rotating blood; ~~wherein the means for impelling rotation to the blood within the chamber does not substantially force blood flow into or out of the chamber;~~

means for venting the gas bubbles collected within the chamber; and

means for removing blood from the chamber, whereby at least a portion of the gas bubbles have been removed from the blood;

Appl. No. : **10/791,075**
Filed : **March 1, 2004**

wherein the chamber diameter is approximately constant in the region where the means for adding blood to the chamber, the means for removing blood from the chamber, the means for impelling rotation within the chamber, and any intervening regions are located.

Appl. No. : **10/791,075**
Filed : **March 1, 2004**

SUMMARY OF THE INTERVIEW

On Thursday 1 November 2007, an Applicant, Jay A. Lenker, was extended the courtesy of a telephone interview with primary Examiner Leslie R. Deak and supervisory Examiner Tanya Zurokava. A summary of the interview follows:

- There were no exhibits presented at the interview.
- During the interview, the differences between the Wieting et al. device and the Stringer et al. device were discussed.
- During the interview, the Applicant indicated a willingness to clarify the claim language to more fully differentiate between the Wieting et al. and the Stringer et al. devices.

Results of Interview

The Supervisory Examiner suggested that an Affidavit under section 35 U.S.C § 132 would expedite prosecution of the application. The Supervisory Examiner also indicated that she or the Examiner would call regarding claims language following receipt of the formal office action response.